Syrian Arab Republic Global Youth Tobacco Survey (GYTS)



FACT SHEET

The Syrian Arab Republic GYTS includes data on prevalence of cigarette and other tobacco use as well as information on five determinants of tobacco use: access/availability and price, environmental tobacco smoke exposure (ETS), cessation, media and advertising, and school curriculum. These determinants are components Syrian Arab Republic could include in a comprehensive tobacco control program. The Syrian Arab Republic GYTS was a school-based survey of students in 7-9, conducted in 2002. A two-stage

cluster sample design was used to produce representative data for all of Syrian Arab Republic. At the first stage, schools were selected with probability proportional to enrollment size. At the second stage, classes were randomly selected and all students in selected classes were eligible to participate. The school response rate was 100%, the student response rate was 98.3%, and the overall response rate was 98.3%. A total of 4531 students participated in the Syrian Arab Republic GYTS.

Prevalence

12.0% of students had ever smoked cigarettes (Boys = 15.4%, Girls = 6.1%)

20.9% currently use any tobacco product (Boys = 23.7%, Girls = 15.2%)

7.0% currently smoke cigarettes (Boys = 8.4%, Girls = 3.8%)

18.5% currently use other tobacco products (Boys = 20.1%, Girls = 14.6%)

9.6% of never smokers are likely to initiate smoking next year

Knowledge and Attitudes

22.6% think boys and 14.7% think girls who smoke have more friends 11.9% think boys and 11.0% think girls who smoke look more attractive

Access and Availability - Current Smokers

25.0% usually smoke at home

30.0% buy cigarettes in a store

81.0% who bought cigarettes in a store were NOT refused purchase because of their age

Environmental Tobacco Smoke

54.2% live in homes where others smoke in their presence

48.8% are around others who smoke in places outside their home

78.4% think smoking should be banned from public places

78.5% think smoke from others is harmful to them

51.9% have one or more parents who smoke

5.6% have most or all friends who smoke

Cessation - Current Smokers

71.6% want to stop smoking

67.2% tried to stop smoking during the past year

83.0% have ever received help to stop smoking

Media and Advertising

88.6% saw anti-smoking media messages, in the past 30 days

61.7% saw pro-cigarette ads on billboards, in the past 30 days

55.8% saw pro-cigarette ads in newspapers or magazines, in the past 30 days

11.8% have an object with a cigarette brand logo

9.6% were offered free cigarettes by a tobacco company representative

School

54.3% had been taught in class, during the past year, about the dangers of smoking 39.9% had discussed in class, during the past year, reasons why people their age smoke

45.7% had been taught in class, during the past year, the effects of tobacco use

Highlights

- 21% of students currently use any form of tobacco; 7% currently smoke cigarettes; 18% currently use some other form of tobacco.
- ETS exposure is high over 5 in 10 students live in homes where others smoke in their presence; almost 5 in 10 are exposed to smoke in public places; over 5 in 10 have parents who smoke.
- Almost 8 in 10 students think smoke from others is harmful to them.
- Almost 8 in 10 students think smoking in public places should be banned.
- Over 7 in 10 smokers want to quit.
- Almost 9 in 10 students saw antismoking media messages in the past 30 days; almost 6 in 10 students saw pro-cigarette ads in the past 30 days.